Anti-Fraud and Corruption Policy

Create Learning Trust



Approved by	Date	Review Schedule	Date of Review
Business, Risk and Audit	19th November 2024	Annually	November 2025
Committee			

Summary

This policy defines the expected conduct of all staff engaged at the Trust, whether in paid or voluntary employment, in relation to deterring and/or detecting fraud and corruption, and who to report it to.

It includes clear guidelines on what is acceptable in terms of gifts and hospitality and how these matters are declared.

Also, reference is made to other Trust/School policies where appropriate.

1. Introduction

- 1.1 Create Learning Trust (CLT) is committed to ensuring that it acts with integrity and has high standards of personal conduct. Everyone involved with the Trust has a responsibility in respect of preventing and detecting fraud. All staff and governors have a role to play. CLT also recognises the role of others in alerting them to areas where there is suspicion of fraud. Appendix A gives definitions of fraud, corruption and Gifts and Hospitality.
- 1.2 Recognising a potential fraud and being able to report it is just as important as the measures to prevent and detect.
- 1.3 It is the duty of all employees, LAB members, Directors and Trustees at CLT to take reasonable steps to limit the possibility of corrupt practices, and it is the responsibility of the Responsible Officer and Auditors to review the adequacy of the measures taken by the Trust to test compliance and to draw attention to any weaknesses or omissions.
- 1.4 Any investigation carried out in relation to alleged irregularities is linked to the Trust Disciplinary & Dismissals procedure.

2. Policy Statement

This policy defines Anti-Fraud & Corruption and Gifts & Hospitality and offers guidance for all staff in the Trust.

- 2.2 CLT aims to be an honest and ethical institution. As such, it is opposed to fraud and seeks to eliminate fraud by the way it conducts Trust business. This document sets out CLTs policy and procedures for dealing with the risk of significant fraud or corruption. In order to minimise the risk and impact of fraud, CLTs objectives are, firstly, to create a culture which deters fraudulent activity, encourages its prevention and promotes its detection and reporting and, secondly, to identify and document its response to cases of fraud and corrupt practices.
- 2.3 This policy, in line with CLT's corporate values of integrity, consistency, impartiality, fairness and best practice, provides both staff and management with mutually understood guidelines for the administration of this procedure.
- 2.4 The scope of this procedure extends to all Trust employees, permanent, voluntary and fixed term.
- 2.5 Time limits specified in this document may be extended by mutual agreement.
- 2.6 If there is concern or doubt about any aspect of a matter which involves an irregularity, or an ongoing investigation into a suspected irregularity, the best approach is to seek advice from the Headteacher or if it relates to them the Chair of the Local Academy Board.
- 2.7 If requested, employees may be accompanied by a recognised trade union representative or work colleague, not involved in any part of the process, at any interviews.

3. Gifts & Hospitality

- 3.1 These guidelines will help you to judge what sort of gift, and what level of hospitality is acceptable but please refer to the CLT Gifts and Hospitality Policy for further guidance.
- 3.2 The following general rules apply and must guide decisions on receipt of gifts and hospitality as an employee of the Trust:
 - To accept gifts should be the exception. You may accept small 'thank you' gifts of a reasonable value, such as a diary, a coffee mug or bunch of flowers, not over £50 in value. You should notify the Finance Manager if any gift or hospitality over this value for entry in the Register of Business Interests.
 - Always say "no" if you think the giver has an ulterior motive. Be sensitive to the possibility that the giver may think that even small gifts or simple hospitality will elicit a prompter service or preferential treatment.
 - Never accept a gift or hospitality from anyone who is, or may be in the foreseeable future, tendering for any contract with the Academy, seeking employment with the Trust or is in dispute with CLT, even if you are not directly involved in that service area.
 - Where items purchased for the Trust include a 'gift', such a gift should either be used for Trust business or handed to the Finance Manger to be used for charity raffles.
 - If you are in doubt about the acceptability of any gift or offer of hospitality, it is your responsibility to consult the Finance Manager or Headteacher.
- 3.3 A gauge of what is acceptable in terms of hospitality is whether this Trust would offer a similar level of hospitality in similar circumstances.
 - Occasional working lunches with customers, providers or partners are generally acceptable as a way
 of doing business provided, they are not to an unreasonable level or cost.
 - Invitations to corporate hospitality events must each be judged on their merit. Provided the general rules have been considered, it may be acceptable to join other company/organisation guests at:
 - a. sponsored cultural and sporting events, or other public performances, as a representative of CLT;
 - b. special events or celebrations.

But, consider the number of these events, and always take into consideration what public perception is likely to be if they knew you were attending.

- Acceptability depends on the appropriateness of the invitations, in terms of the level of hospitality, the frequency and the status of the invited employee. In all such cases the Headteacher must be consulted.
- Paid holidays or concessionary travel rates are not acceptable. Neither are offers of hotel accommodation nor the use of company villas/apartments.
- If you are visiting a company to view equipment that the Trust is considering buying, you should ensure that the expenses of the trip are paid by the Trust. Acceptance of refreshments and/or a working lunch may be acceptable, but care must be taken to ensure that the Trust's purchasing and/or tender procedures are not compromised.

- Acceptance of sponsored hospitality that is built into the official programme of conferences and seminars related to your work are acceptable.
- Offers to speak at corporate dinners and social gatherings, or events organised by, for example, a professional body, where there is a genuine need to impart information or represent CLT must be agreed in advance with a Headteacher. Where your spouse or partner is included in the invitation, and approval has been given for you to attend, it will be acceptable for your spouse or partner to attend as well, but if expenses are incurred, these will be met personally.
- Any invitation you accept should be made to you in your professional/working capacity as a representative of CLT.

4. Roles & Responsibilities

Staff and Governors

Create Learning Trust (CLT) has adopted the following measures to demonstrate its commitment to antifraud and corruption:

- The Business, Risk & Audit Committee meets regularly.
- A requirement for all staff and governors to declare prejudicial interests and not contribute to business related to that interest.
- A requirement for staff and governors to disclose personal interests.
- All staff and governors are made aware of the understanding on the acceptance of gifts and hospitality.
- Clear recruitment policies and procedures.
- Anti-fraud awareness training to enable the business support function to identify potentially fraudulent activities.

Staff and governors also have a duty to report another member of staff or governor whose conduct is reasonably believed to represent a failure to comply with the above.

4.2 CFO

The CFO has specific responsibility for overseeing the financial arrangements on behalf of the LAB members and Directors.

The main duties of the CFO are to provide the governors with on-going independent assurance that:

- The financial responsibilities of the LAB members and Directors are being properly discharged.
- The resources are being managed in an efficient, economical and effective manner.
- Sound systems of financial control are being maintained; and
- Financial considerations are fully considered in reaching decisions.
- Management of the Academy's financial position.

4.3 Finance Manager

The Finance Manager has a responsibility for ensuring that effective systems of internal controls are maintained and will safeguard the resources of CLT.

In respect of fraud, it is therefore the responsibility of the Finance Manager to ensure internal controls prevent and detect any fraud promptly. This includes:

- Proper procedures and financial systems.
- Effective management of financial records.

4.4 External Audit

CLT's Annual Report and Financial Statements include an Independent Auditors' Report. This report includes a view as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and whether proper accounting records have been kept by the Academy throughout the financial year. In addition, it reports on compliance with the accounting requirements of the relevant Companies Act and confirms compliance with the financial reporting and annual accounting requirements issued by the Department of Education.

5. Reporting a Suspected Fraud

All allegations of suspected fraud and irregularities are to be brought to the attention of the CFO / Finance Manager and referred to the Headteacher, unless this individual is involved in the irregularity in which case the Chair of LAB should be informed.

Please refer to CLT Whistleblowing Policy for further guidance.

6. Response to Allegations

- 6.1 The Headteacher will have initial responsibility for coordinating the initial response. In doing this he/she will consult with the Human Resource advisors regarding potential employment issues. The Headteacher will also seek legal advice from the Trust's solicitors on both employment and litigation issues before taking any further action.
- 6.2 The CFO and Headteacher will ascertain whether the suspicions aroused have substance. In every case, and as soon as possible after the initial investigation, they will pass the matter on to the Chair of the Business, Risk & Audit Committee. Even if there is no evidence to support the allegation, the matter must be reported.
- 6.3 The Audit Committee will undertake the management of the investigation.
 - They will, if appropriate, conduct a preliminary investigation to gather factual information and reach an initial view as to whether further action is required.
 - They will determine whether the findings, conclusions and any recommendations arising from the preliminary investigation should be reported to the Chair of LAB.
 - If further investigations are required, they will determine which outside agencies should be involved (police, auditors).
- 6.4 The Headteacher is required to notify the LAB of any serious financial irregularities. This action will be taken at the first opportunity following the completion of the initial investigations and will involve keeping the Chairman of the LAB fully informed between governor meetings of any developments relating to serious control weaknesses, fraud or major accounting breakdowns.
- 6.5 If evidence of fraud is forthcoming then the LAB will inform the Department for Education as required by the Funding Agreement and will consider whether or not to refer the matter to the police.

7. Confidentiality and Safeguards

- 7.1 CLT recognises that the decision to report a concern can be a difficult one to make, not least because of the fear of reprisal from those responsible for the alleged malpractice. The Trust will not tolerate harassment or victimisation and will do what it lawfully can to protect an individual when a concern is raised in good faith.
- 7.2 This does not mean that if the person raising the concern is already the subject of a disciplinary, redundancy or other procedure, that those procedures will be halted as a result of the concern being reported.
- 7.3 There is a need to ensure that the process is not misused. For further guidance refer to CLT's Disciplinary, Grievance and Capability policy.

8. Links with other Policies

- 8.1 The Trust is committed to preventing fraud and corruption. To help achieve this objective there is a clear network of systems and procedures in place for the prevention, detection and investigation of fraud and corruption. This Anti-Fraud and Anti-Corruption policy attempts to consolidate those in one document and should be read in conjunction with the following Trust policies:
 - Whistle-Blowing Policy
 - Financial Regulations
 - Disciplinary Policy
 - Gifts and Hospitality Policy

Contact details

Chief Executive Officer	Susan Walters <u>ceo@createlearning.co.uk</u>	
Chair of the Trust	Mark Butcher <u>mbutcher@createlearning.co.uk</u>	
Chief Finance Officer	Jenni Goodwin <u>cfo@createlearning.co.uk</u>	
	01270 360030	
Director of Operations	Kier Glover operations@createlearning.co.uk	
	01270 360030	
Trust Solicitor	Cook Lawyers www.cooklawyers.co.uk / 01625 725 000	

Appendix A - Definitions

Fraud

Fraud is a general term covering theft, deliberate misuse or misappropriation of assets or anything that leads to a financial advantage to the perpetrator or others upon whose behalf he or she acts, even if these "others" are in ignorance of the fraud. Fraud is in fact intentional deceit and for this reason it cannot include negligence.

Fraud incorporates theft, larceny, embezzlement, fraudulent conversion, false pretenses, forgery, corrupt practices and falsification of accounts.

Corruption

The term 'corrupt practices' is defined for the purpose of this code as the offering, giving, soliciting or acceptance of an inducement or reward which may influence the actions taken by ABC Academy, its staff or Governors.

Gifts and Hospitality

Any gifts, rewards and benefits that are disproportionately generous or that could be an inducement to affect a business decision should be declared.

The acceptance of gifts and hospitality is a sensitive area where actions can easily be misconstrued. Therefore, employees' actions should be such that they would not be embarrassed to explain them to anyone.

Irregularities fall within the following broad categories, the first three of which are criminal offences.

- **Theft** the dishonest taking of property belonging to another person with the intention of depriving the owner permanently of its possession.
- **Fraud** the intentional distortion of financial statements or other records by persons internal and external to the Academy, which is carried out to conceal the misappropriation of assets or otherwise for gain.
- **Bribery and corruption (Gifts & Hospitality see Point 5.)** involves the offering or the acceptance of a reward, for performing an act, or for failing to perform an act, which leads to gain for the person offering the inducement.
- **Failure to observe**, or breaches of, Scheme of Delegation and Financial Regulations; Academy's Procedures which in some circumstances can constitute an irregularity, with potentially significant financial consequences.

Examples of what could constitute fraud and corruption are -

- theft of cash;
- non-receipt of income:
- substitution of personal cheques for cash; travelling and subsistence claims for non-existent journeys/events;
- travelling and subsistence claims inflated;
- manipulating documentation to increase salaries/wages received, e.g. false overtime claims;
- payment of invoices for goods received by an individual rather than the Academy;
- failure to observe, or breaches of, regulations and/or other associated legislation laid down by the Trust;

- unauthorised borrowing of equipment;
- breaches of confidentiality regarding information;
- failure to declare a direct pecuniary or otherwise conflicting interest;
- concealing a generous gift or reward;
- unfairly influencing the award of a contract;
- creation of false documents;
- deception;
- using position for personal reward.

The above list is not exhaustive, and fraud and corruption can take many different paths. If in any doubt about whether a matter is an irregularity or not, clarification must be sought from the CEO/CFO.